

SPAIN IN THE 17TH AND 18TH CENTURIES

Social Scienc

/OCABULARY

Gold: oro Powerful: poderoso Absolute: absoluta

Achievement: logro Govern: gobernar Priest: cura

Harmony: armonía Printing press: prensa escrita Advance: avance Aim: propósito Harvest: cosechas Priviledged: privilegiados

Punish: castigar Alliance: alianza Heir: heredero Baroque: Barroco Hierarchical: jerárquico Reign: reinado

Battle: batalla Homeless: sin hogar Renaissance: Renacimiento

Belong: pertenecer Impose: imponer Royal: real Bishop: obispo Increase: aumentar Rule: gobernar Inherit: heredar Built: contruyeron Scenes: escenas

Century: siglo Inquisition: inquisición de Seweage system: sistema

Clergy: clero Invade: invadir alcantarillado Country: país Kingdom: reino Ships: barcos

Court: corte Last: durar Shopkeepers: comerciante

Customs: costumbres Lawyer: abogado Sign: firmar Dark: oscuro Lose: perder Sponsor: patrocinar

Decrease: disminuye Mansión: mansión Squares: plazas Decline: dismuir, rechazar Martyrs: mártires Status: posición Develop: desarrollar Meantime: mientras tanto Still life: bodegón Monarch: monarca Dispute: disputa Taxes: impuestos Dynasty: dinastía Monarchy: monarquía Trade: comercio Empire: imperio Monk: monje

Nobles: nobles Exchange: a cambio Unprivileged: no privilegiados

Treaty: tratado

Expel: expulsar Own: ser dueño War: guerra Exploration: exploración Plagues: plagas War: guerra Export: exportar, traer Pope: Papa Weaken: debilitar Famine: hambruna Population: población Wealth: riqueza Focus: centrarse Portrait: retrato Writing: escritura

Found: encontraron Power: poder

Checklist: In this unit I have learned:

- When the Modern Age started and ended,
- Create a timeline explaining the most important events in Spain during the 17th and 18th centuries
- A hierarchical society: privileged and unprivileged. 0
- The 17th century: explain the causes of the economic crisis and social problems. 0
- The Spanish monarchs during the 17th century: Felipe III, Felipe IV and Carlos II 0
- The 18th century: the War of Succession and Felipe V;
- The enlightenment and Carlos III and Carlos IV 0
- Artistic styles: The Renaissance and the Golden Age (the Baroque)
- List the main artist from the Spanish Golden Age.



SUCIAL SCIENC

SPAIN IN THE 17TH AND 18TH CENTURIES

Can I answer these questions?

- 1. When did the Modern Age start?
- 2. When did the Modern Age finish?
- 3. Name the main artistic styles of the Early Modern Age in Spain.
- 4. Explain the characteristics of the Renaissance.
- Explain the characteristics of the Baroque.
- 6. Name some painters and some writers from the Golden Age.
- 7. Create a pyramid or a diagram to explain the hierarchical society during the Modern Age.
- 8. Who was part of the privileged classes?
- 9. Who was part of the unprivileged classes?
- 10. When was the Thirty years war?
- 11. When did Felipe III rule?
- 12. When did Felipe IV rule?
- 13. When did Carlos II rule?
- 14. Explain th main causes of the economic crisis in the 17th century Spain.
- 15. Explain the changes that occurred in the Spanish population in the 17th century.
- 16. What happens if a king dies without a heir?
- 17. Explain the concept of "valido".
- 18. Who was the valido during Felipe III's reign?
- 19. Who was the valido during Felipe IV's reign?
- 20. Who was expelled from Spain during the 16th century? And now in the 17th century?
- 21. What caused the Spanish War of Succession?
- 22. Which dinasties were involved in the War of Succession?
- 23. When happened the War of Succession?
- 24. How did the War of succession finish?
- 25. What was the absolute monarchy?
- 26. What was the Enlightenment?
- 27. How did Spanish cities change in the 18th century?
- 28. Why did the Spanish population increase during the 18th century?
- 29. Who painted the family of Felipe IV?
- 30. Who painted the family of Carlos IV?
- 31. Whose style of painting was called tenebrism?